

## Global History Syllabus

### Foundation Courses

#### Course 1 : Historical methodology

1. What is History? Dialogue with the past. The Boundaries Between the Past and Present
2. Historical Facts. The Historian and Her Facts. Sources and Evidence. Causation in History
3. Philosophy of History. Critical and Speculative. Explanation, Causation, Generalization. Imagination in Historical Reconstruction.
4. Objectivity in History. Judging or Understanding? Use and Abuse of History.
5. Quantitative Methods. Oral Traditions. History and Social Sciences.

#### Select Readings:

- E.H. Carr, *What is History* (Penguin [1961], 2008)
- Fritz Stern ed., *Varieties of History: from Voltaire to the Present* (2nd edn., New York, Vintage, 1973)
- G R Elton, *The Practice of History*, Collins, 1969
- Marc Bloch, *The Historian's Craft*, Manchester University Press, 2004
- G J Reiner, *History: Its Purpose and Method*, Allen and Unwin, 1961
- Patrick Gardiner, *The Nature of Historical Explanation*, Oxford University Press, 1979
- R J Shafer, *A Guide to Historical Method*, Dorsey Press, 1983
- R G Collingwood, *The Idea of History*, Hesperides Press, 2008
- Sumit Sarkar, *Writing Social History* (USA, Oxford University Press, 1995).
- W H Walsh, *Philosophy of History; An Introduction*, Harper and Row, 1968
- E.H. Carr, *What is History* (Penguin [1961], 2008).
- Fritz Stern ed., *Varieties of History: from Voltaire to the Present* (2nd edn., New York, Vintage, 1973)
- Marc Bloch, *The Historian's Craft*, with an Introduction by Peter Burke (Manchester University Press, 2004).

#### Course 2: Historical Traditions in the ancient and medieval worlds

1. Greco-Roman historiographical traditions.
2. China: dynastic, institutional and 'private' histories
3. Ancient India: traditional history ( Purana-Ithasa tradition), biography, history
4. Medieval western historiography: Christian Fathers (Biblical tradition), contacts with Byzantine and the Arab world.
5. Arabic and Persian historiographical traditions

## 6. Medieval India: Persian chronicles, vernacular historical traditions.

### Essential reading

- A K Warder, *An Introduction to Indian Historiography*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1972
- C H Philips, *Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon*, OUP , 1961
- Donald R Kelly, *Versions of History from Antiquity to Enlightenment*, Yale University Press, 1991
- W G Beasley and E G Pulleybank ( eds.), *Historians of China and Japan*, London: OUP, 1961
- P. Bearman, Th. Bianquis, C.E. Bosworth, E. van Donzel and W.P. Heinrichs, *Encyclopaedia of Islam*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn, Brill Online reference works, <http://referenceworks.brillonline.com/browse/encyclopaedia-of-islam-2>
- R G Collingwood, *The Idea of History*, Hesperides Press, 2008

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### Course 3 : Introduction to Global History

Unit 1: *Concepts of 'World' and 'Global' History*

Unit 2: *Narratives of Global History: Genealogy and prehistory of globalisation – archaic globalisations – globalisation in world history*

Unit 3: Introduction to trans-national history- regions in global history

Unit 4: Selected themes in global history: (a) evolution of global connectivity-migration and trade

Unit 5: Selected themes in global history: (b) imperialism and decolonisation

#### Essential reading

- A.G.Hopkins, *Globalization in World History*, W. W. Norton & Company, 2002
- C.A. Bayly, *The Birth of the Modern World: Global Connections and Comparisons 1780-1914*, Oxford UK: Blackwell, 2004
- Ferdinand Braudel, *A History of Civilizations*, Tr. Richard Mayne, Viking Penguin, New York, 1993
- Jurgen Osterhammel & Niels P. Petersson, *Globalization: A Short History*, Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 2005
- K.N.Chaudhuri, *Asia Before Europe: Economy and Civilization of the Indian Ocean from the rise of Islam to 1750*, Cambridge UK, 1990
- Peter N. Stearns, *Globalization in World History*, Routledge, 2009

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### Course 4: State formation in medieval India

Unit 1: Overview: geopolitical contexts; continuities and changes in the 13th and 14th centuries

Unit 2: The military elites, their social and political backgrounds, cultures of political service, aristocratic aspirations and new identities

Unit 2: The Islamic theocracy, Sufi traditions and its linkage with the imperial system

Unit 3: The disintegration of the Delhi Sultanate and the regional principalities

Unit 4: The rise and consolidation of the Mughal empire

Unit 5: Mughal imperial expansion: military technology; ecology and inner frontiers; 'war animals

Unit 5: Mughal court culture: civility and comportment; norms of masculinity; harem and sovereignty; imperial discipleship

Unit 6: State and Religion: mystical and intellectual currents; inter-faith dialogues; *sulh-i-kul*; revivalist Islam; Sufis and the state; ulema in the Mughal empire

Essential reading

- Irfan Habib, *Agrarian System of Mughal India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999
- Jos Gommans, *Mughal Warfare: Indian Frontiers and Highroads to Empire, 1500-1700* (New York: Routledge, 2002)
- Muzaffar Alam, *The Languages of Political Islam*, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2004
- Muzaffar Alam and Sanjay Subramaniam (eds.), *The Mughal State 1526-1750*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998
- Peter Jackson, *The Delhi Sultanate: a Political and Military History*, Cambridge: University Press, 1999
- Richard Eaton, ed., *India's Islamic Traditions, 711-1750*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2003

Course 5 : History of Modern India(1757-1857)

Unit 1: The 18<sup>th</sup> century debate

Unit 2: Advent of European colonialism and its nature- historical interpretations

Unit 3: Brief survey of colonial conquest and administration

Unit 4: Society and economy of colonial India

Unit 5: Colonial Ideology and Colonial Rule: Orientalism, Utilitarianism, Whiggism  
Missionary activity and Evangelicalism

Unit 6: Collaboration and Resistance: Mutinies in the armies and popular resistance

Essential reading

- C.A. Bayly, *Imperial Meridian: The British Empire and the World 1780-1830*, Longman, 1989
  - D. Peers, *India under Colonial Rule 1700-1885*, Harlow and London: Pearson Longmans, 2006
    - R. Barnett, *Rethinking Early Modern India*, Manohar, New Delhi, 2002
    - Sekhar Bandyopadhyay, *From Plassey to Partition and After: A History of Modern India*, Second Edition, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2015
    - T.R. Metcalf, *Ideologies of the Raj: The New Cambridge History of India, III.4*, Cambridge University Press, 1995
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Course 6 : Political History of Modern India(1858-1947)

Unit 1: The Colonial State: Administrative changes after the Revolt and the structure of the colonial state

Unit 2: Advent and evolution of Indian nationalism

Unit 3: The Gandhian phase of National Movement

Unit 4: The Communal divide and the road to partition and independence

Essential reading

- Anil Seal *The Emergence of Indian Nationalism*, London: Cambridge University Press, 1971
  - Dharma Kumar ed., *The Cambridge Economic History of India, ii* (Orient Longmans, Delhi 1984), selected portions
  - D. A. Low (ed.), *Congress and the Raj* (Reprinted by Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2004
  - Partha Chatterjee, *Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse*, Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 1993
  - Peter Hardy *The Muslims of British India*, London, Cambridge University Press, 1972
  - Sekhar Bandyopadhyay, *From Plassey to Partition and After: A History of Modern India*, Second Edition, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2015
  - Sumit Sarkar, *Modern India 1885-1947*, Macmillan India, 1963
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- Sumit Sarkar, *Popular Movements and Middle Class Leadership*, (K.P. Bagchi, Calcutta, 1983

Course 7: Contemporary Indian history –evolution of the state in post independence period

Unit1: Partition and independence- reorganisation of the Indian state

Unit 2: The Challenges of Sub-Nationalism: Communities and Identities

Unit 3: The developmental paradigm- Planning and adoption of Science and Technology

Unit 4: Politics in India- the rise, domination and the decline of the Congress-rise of national, regional and local parties

Unit 5: The dismantling process of the state controlled economy-advent of globalisation

Unit 6: The nature of the Indian state-debates

Essential reading

- Baldev Raj Nayar, *Globalization and Nationalism: The Changing Balance in India's Economic Policy 1950-2000*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2001
- Bipan Chandra, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, *India after independence*, Viking India, 1999
- C. Jaffrelot, *The Hindu Nationalist Movement*, Delhi: Penguin, 1993, Revised second edition, 2000
- Francine Frankel, *India's Political Economy*, Oxford University Press, 2009
- Paul Brass, *The Politics of India since independence 2nd edition*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1994
- Ramachandra Guha, *India After Gandhi*, Delhi, Picador, 2007

- Vivek Chibber, *Locked in Place: State-building and late industrialization in India, USA*: Princeton University Press, 2003  
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### Course 8: Making of the 20<sup>th</sup> century World Part-I(1900-1945)

Unit 1: The onset of the 20<sup>th</sup> century-continental and regional variations

Unit 2: The European alliance system and strategic rivalry leading to the First World War

Unit 3: The origins of the First World War and its nature

Unit 4: The Versailles arrangement and the inter-war years in Europe

Unit 5: Rise of non-state global powers: United States and Japan

Unit 6: Prelude to war and the origins of the Second World War

#### Essential reading

- Andrew J. Crozier, *The Causes of the Second World War*, Oxford, Blackwell, 1997
  - Andrew Porter, *Imperialism*, Basingstoke, Palgrave Macmillan, 1984
  - A J P Taylor, *Origins of the Second World War*, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1990
  - Annika Mombauer, *The origins of the First World War. Controversies and consensus*, New York & Harlow: Longman, 2002
  - Eric Hobsbawm, *The Age of Extremes: The short twentieth century 1914-1991*, UK: Little Brown, 1995
  - Pamela Crossley et al., eds., *Global Society: The World Since 1900*, 3rd edition Cengage Learning, 2012
  - Felix Gilbert and David Clay Large, *The End of the European Era: 1890 to the Present*, New York W W Norton, 2002
  - Marc Ferro, a, London and New York, Routledge, 2002
  - Pamela Crossley et al., eds., *Global Society: The World Since 1900*, 3rd edition Cengage Learning, 2012
  - Harold James, *Europe Reborn: A History, 1914-2000*, Harlow, Pearson Longman, 2003
  - Asa Briggs and Patricia Clavin, *Modern Europe: 1789-Present*, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2009 (Indian Edition)
  - William R. Keylor, *The Twentieth-Century World and Beyond. An International History since 1900*, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Oxford University press, 2011
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### Course 9: Making of the 20<sup>th</sup> century World Part II (1945-1991)

Unit 1: The ending of the war and the emerging post war World

Unit 2: Dynamics of the Cold War –European and global theatres

Unit 3: Decolonisation and struggle for empowerment in the non-western world

Unit 4: The collapse of the Soviet Union and its implications

Unit 5: Prelude to the post Cold War global order

#### Essential reading

- John Lewis Gaddis, *We Now Know, Rethinking the Cold War History*, OUP, 1997
  - Melvyn P. Leffler and David S. Painter( Eds.), *Origins of cold War: An International History*, London and New York, Routledge, 1994
  - Odd Arne Westad, *The Global Cold War, Third World Interventions and the Making of our times*, CUP, 2007
  - Peter Calvocoressi, *World Politics since 1945*, 9<sup>th</sup> edn, Taylor & Francis, 2009
  - Raymon Garthoff, *The Great Transition: American Soviet Relations and the End of the Cold War*, Washington: Brookings, 1994
  - William R. Keylor, *A World of Nations: the International Order since 1945*, Oxford University press, 2005
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#### Course 10: History of Environment: the Indian dimension

Unit 1: History of Environment-origins and nature

Unit 2: Pre-colonial ecological dimensions in the Indian subcontinent

Unit 3: Colonialism and its impact-the ecological dimension

Unit 4: Environment related legislations and its socio-economic impact

Unit 5: Power, identity and ecology

Unit 6: Tensions and contest over the development paradigm

#### Essential reading

- Arun Agrawal and Kalyanakrishnan Sivaramakrishnan eds., *Social Nature, Resources, Representations and Rule in India*, Delhi: OUP, 2000
  - David Arnold and Ramachandra Guha, eds., *Nature, Culture and Imperialism: Essays on the Environmental History of South Asia* (New Delhi: OUP, 1995
  - Gunnel Cederlöf, *Landscapes and the Law: Environmental Politics, Regional Histories, and Contests over Nature*, Delhi: Permanent Black. 2008
    - J. Turk, *Introduction to Environmental Studies*, Chicago, 1985
    - Madhav Gadgil and Ramachandra Guha, *This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India*, OUP, New Delhi, 1992
    - Ramachandra Guha, *Environmentalism: A Global History*, OUP, New Delhi, 2000
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Optional Courses

Course 1: History of the USA from independence to Second World War

Unit1: The nature of English colonialism in North America-movement for independence

Unit 2: The formation of the American state-consolidation and westward expansion

Unit 3: The American civil war

Unit 4: Politics and economy in the United States till the First World War

Unit 4: The 1930s decade –Great depression and the New Deal

Unit 5: Rise as strategic power

Essential reading

- Bernard Bailyn, *The Great Republic*( 2 vols), Lexington, 1985
- Gabriel Kolko, *Main currents in Modern American History*, Pantheon Books, 1976
- Susan Mary Grant, *A Concise history of the United States of America*, Cambridge University Press, 2012

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Course 2: History of Latin America- 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries

Unit1: Brief survey of anti colonial struggle and independence in South America

Unit 2: The Revolutionary period in South America and growth of Caudilloism

Unit 3: The growth of American influence over Latin America

Unit 4: The Leftist movement in Latin America-features and case study of Cuba

Unit 5: Alternative political models- rise of Peronism in Argentina

Essential reading

- Benjamin Keen and Keith Haynes, *A History of Latin America*, Harcour Publishing Company, 2009
- Joseph Smith, *The United States and Latin America-A History of American Diplomacy, 1776-2000*, Routledge, 2005
- Leslie Bethell(ed.), *The Cambridge History of Latin America vols. 3-5*, Cambridge university Press, 1995

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Course 3: Africa since 1800 to 1945

Unit1: Brief survey of pre-colonial African history

Unit 2: The challenge of external intervention: Resistance or Modernisation?

Unit 3: Islamic Jihads in Africa

Unit4: European Informal Empire, “Legitimate” Trade and Christian Missionaries in Africa  
 Unit 5: Scramble, Partition and Colonial conquest: Resistance and Collaboration in Africa

Essential reading

- Kevin Shillington, *History of Africa*, New York, Palgrave Macmillan, 2005
- Walter Rodney, *How Europe underdeveloped Africa*, 1982
- Adu Boahen, *UNESCO General History of Africa, VII, Africa Under Colonial Rule 1880-1935*, (Abridged) , Berkeley, University of California Press, 1990

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Course 4: Africa: The process of decolonisation and the process of neo-colonialism

Unit1: Nationalism and the rise of pan Africanism

Unit2: Settler Colonies and Armed liberation struggles

Unit 3: Independence- Cold War, Development and Neocolonialism

Essential reading

- Frederick Cooper, *Africa since 1940: The past of the Present*, Cambridge University Press, 2002
- Kevin Shillington, *History of Africa*, New York, Palgrave Macmillan, 2005
- Walter Rodney, *How Europe underdeveloped Africa*, 1982

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Course 5: History of Modern Southeast Asia Part I

Unit 1: A brief survey of pre-colonial Southeast Asian region

Unit 2: The colonial penetration and impact

Unit 3: Peasantry, Religion and Anti-colonial Movements

Unit 4: The Indian heritage and acculturation

Unit 6: Japanese Occupation and the End of Colonial Rule

Unit 7: The Structure of the ‘New States’

Essential reading

- Christopher Bayly and Tim Harper, *The Forgotten Wars: Freedom and Revolution in Southeast Asia*, (Penguin Books, 2007
- James C Scott, *The Moral Economy of the Peasant: Rebellion and Subsistence in Southeast Asia*, Yale University Press, 1979
- Nicholas Tarling ed., *The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia*, Cambridge, 1992
- Nicholas Tarling, *Nations and States in Southeast Asia*, Cambridge, 1998

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Course 6: History of Modern Southeast Asia Part II

Unit 1: Southeast Asia in the post Second World War period

Unit 2: Nationalism and state formation

Unit 3: The decolonisation process and conflicts-The Vietnam war as case study

Unit 4: Transition and economic transformation-the ASEAN experience

Essential reading



- Craig A. Lockard, *Southeast Asia in world History*, OUP, 2009
- D.R. SarDesai, *Southeast Asia-Past & Present*, Westview press, 1997
- Robert J. McMahon, *The Limits of Empire: The United States and Southeast Asia since World War II*, Columbia University Press, 1999
- Milton Osborne, *Southeast Asia-an Introductory History*, Allen and Unwin, 2013
- Nicholas Tarling, *Southeast Asia and the Great Powers*, Routledge, 2009

### Course 7: History of China: 18<sup>th</sup> century to contemporary period

Unit1: The Chinese empire and the world-advent of colonialism

Unit 2: The transition to modernity

Unit 3: The period of rebellion and revolution

Unit 4: Maoist China

Unit 5: Reform and transformation of China into a global power

Essential reading

- Cheng Li, *Rediscovering China: Dynamics and Dilemmas of Reform*, Rowman & Littlefield, 1997
- Edgar Snow, *Red star over China*, New York : Grove Press, [1973, c1968]
- John King Fairbank and Merle Goldman, *China: A New History* Second Enlarged Edition. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2006
- Tony Saich, *Governance and Politics of China*, Palgrave, 2002
- Zang Weiwi, *The China Wave: Rise of a Civilizational State*, World Century Publishing Corporation, 2011

### Course 8: Making of the Modern Middle East

Unit1: Conceptualising the Middle East- the Middle East as a geo-strategic space;

Unit 2: Ottoman disintegration and the emergence of the modern Middle East: The Great War and the Peace of Paris – the Sykes-Picot Agreement; British and French Mandates;

Unit 3: The Kemalist state and its challenges: — Atatürk and the authoritarian edifice; creating a Turkish nation

Unit 4: Arab Nationalism from League Mandates to Arab Nation-states: — the discourse of nationalism in the Arab world – a) Egypt b) Syria c) Iraq

Essential reading

- Abrahamian, Ervand, *Iran Between Two Revolutions* (Princeton Univ Press, 1982)
- Commins, David Dean, *Islamic Reform: Politics and Social Change in late-Ottoman Syria*(OUP, 1990)
- Cronin, Stephanie (ed.) , *the Making of Modern Iran: State and Society under Riza Shah*(Routledge Curzon, 2000)

- Foran, J. (ed), A Century of Revolution: Social Movements in Iran (University of Minnesota press, 1994)
- Goldschmidt, Arthur, Jr and Davidson, Lawrence, A Concise History of the Middle East, (Westview Press, 2006)
- Hourani, Albert, A History of the Arab Peoples (Faber, 2005)
- Kayali, Hasan, Arabs and Young Turks: Ottomanism, Arabism and Islamism in the Ottoman Empire 1908-1918 (University of California Press, 1997)
- Khalid, Rashid, Muslih M, Simon, et al, The Origins of Arab Nationalism (California University Press, 1993)
- Pipes, Daniel, Greater Syria: the History of an Ambition (OUP, 1990)
- Provence, Michael, The Great Syrian Revolt and the Rise of Arab Nationalism (University of Texas Press, 2005)
- Schulze, Reinhard, A Modern History of the Islamic World, (IB Tauris, 2000)
- Shaw, Stanford & Shaw, Ezel, History of the Ottoman Empire and Modern Turkey vol. II: Reform, Revolution and Republic 1808-1975 (Cambridge University Press, 1975)

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### Course 9: Society and Politics in the Modern Middle East

Unit 1: The politics of modernisation in the Middle East — constitutionalism and the objectives of a modern state; authoritarianism and westernization under the Pahlavi Iran and Kemalist Turkey as models

Unit 2: The responses to modernization – Ba’athism, Socialism and Political Islam and their social bases

Unit 3: The tragedy of Palestine: — Israel and the Partition of Palestine; Israel as an ethnic-democracy; Life and Politics in Occupied Palestine

Unit 4: The age of oil – rise of the petroleum economy; the phenomenon of the strong state, and the Oil Monarchies

Unit 5: The Iranian Revolution of 1979 and the shaping of an Islamic order

Unit 6: Islamism and Post-Islamism – from the Gulf War to the Arab Spring

Essential reading

- Abdo, Geneive, No God but God: Egypt and the Triumph of Political Islam (Oxford University Press, 2000)
- Abrahamian, Ervand, Iran Between Two Revolutions (Princeton University Press, 1992)
- Azak, Umut, Islam and secularism in Turkey: Kemalism, Religion and the Nation State (IB Tauris, 2010)
- Goldschmidt, Arthur, Jr and Davidson, Lawrence, A Concise History of the Middle East, (Westview Press, 2006)

- Katouzian, Homa, *The Political Economy of Modern Iran*, (Macmillan, 1981)
- Kimmerling, B & Migdal, J, *The Palestinian People: a History* (Harvard, 2003)
- Moaddel, Mansoor, *Class, Politics and Ideology in the Iranian Revolution* (Columbia University Press, 1993)
- Owen, Roger, *State, Power and Politics in the Making of the Modern Middle East* (Routledge, 1992)
- Rodinson, Maxime, *Israel: a Colonial-Settler State?* (Monad Press, 1973)
- Schulze, Reinhard, *A Modern History of the Islamic World*, (IB Tauris, 2000)

### Course 10: Migration and population movements in contemporary world Part 1: Forced Migration

Unit 1: Concepts, Definitions and Methodology: Refugees, IDPs, Trafficked and the Stateless

Unit 2: Laws and Legal Frameworks

Unit 3: Gendered Dimension of Forced Migration

Unit 4: Statelessness

Unit 5: Questions of Environment and Ethics

- Paula Banerjee, Atig Ghosh and Anasua Basu Raychowhury, *The State of Being Stateless*, Orient Blackswan, 2015.
- Paula Banerjee, *Borders, Histories, Existences: Gender and Beyond*, Sage 2010.
- Paula Banerjee, Samir Das and Sabyasachi Basu Raychowdhury, *Internal Displacement in South Asia*, Sage, 2005.
- Alexander Betts and Paul Collier, *Refuge: Rethinking Refugee Policy in a Changing World*, OUP 2017.
- B.S. Chimni, *International Refugee Law: A Reader*, Sage 2000
- Ranabir Samaddar, *Marginal Nation: Transborder Migration From Bangladesh to West Bengal*, Sage, 1999
- Ranabir Samaddar, *Refugees and the State*, Sage, 2001

### Course 11: Migration and population movements in contemporary world Part II: Diaspora

Unit1: Defining diaspora and categorisations

Unit2: Diaspora in the post Second World period

Unit3: The spreading of the Indian diaspora- a brief survey

Essential reading

- Hugh Tinker, *A New System of Slavery: The Export of Indian Labour Overseas (1830-1950)*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1974
- Laxmi Narayan Kadekar, et al. *The India Diaspora: Historical and Contemporary context*, New Delhi, Rawat Publication.2009
- N. Jayaram, *The Indian Diaspora: The Dynamics of Migration*, Sage 2004
- Robin Cohen, *Global Diaspora: An Introduction*, Routledge, 2008

Course 12: History of Science, technology and medicine in colonial India

Unit1: Conceptualising Science as a colonial discipline and enterprise

Unit2: Introduction and permeation of western technology in Indian society

Unit3: Introduction of western medicine in colonial India and beyond

Unit 4: Indian response to western Science

Essential reading

- David Arnold, *Science, Technology and Medicine in Colonial India*. The New Cambridge History of India Series, Cambridge, 1999
- Deepak Kumar, *Science and the Raj*, New Delhi: Oxford UP, 1995
- Deepak Kumar, *Disease and Medicine in India: A Historical Overview*. Delhi: Tulika, 2000

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Course 13: Historiography in the Modern West

Unit 1: The Foundations: The Greco-Roman roots, the Judaeo-Christian Legacy. The Renaissance

Unit 2: Secularisation of History. Vico. The Enlightenment. Gibbon. The Romantic Revival

Unit 3: The Romantic Movement. Hegel. Ranke- empiricism and Positivism. Marx and Historical Materialism. Historiographical developments

Unit 4: The Annales Tradition- Total History. Marc Bloch and Lucien Febvre. Braudel and the Second Generation. Mentalite and ideology

Unit 5: The Widening horizon. ‘New’ history and ‘old’. Quantitative Methods- Cliometrics. Post-Structuralism and Post-Modernism. New Concerns- power, centre and periphery, hegemony and resistance, social movements, orality and textuality. History as a social science.

Essential reading

- Arthur Marwick, *The New Nature of History: Knowledge, Evidence, Language*, Palgrave, 2001
- G A Cohen, *Karl Marx’s Theory of History : A Defence*, OUP, 2000
- Immanuel Le Roy Ladurie, *The territory of the Historian*, The Harvester Press, 1979
- M I Finley, *The Greek Historians*, Penguin, 1997
- Maurice Aymard and Harbans Mukhia, *French Studies in History*, 2 Volumes, Orient Longman, 1988
- Peter Geyl, *Debates with Historians*, Collins, 1962
- Peter Burke, *History and Social Theory*, Cornell University Press, 1992
- R G Collingwood, *The Idea of History* ( Hesperides Press, 2008)

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Course 14: European History c.1450- c.1750 PART I

Unit 1: Defining Europe-land, people and imagination

Unit 2: Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism. The Historiographical debate/s.

Unit 3: The Military Revolution. The Making of the New States. Machiavelli and Bodin.

Unit 4: The Printing Revolution and the Coming of the Book. The Renaissance, the Reformation and the Counter Reformation.

Unit 5: The Long Sixteenth Century. Economy and Society. The Expansion of Europe. The European World System

Essential reading

- John H. Elliott, *The Old World and the New 1492-1650*, Cambridge, 1970
- Merry E. Wisener-Hanks, *Early Modern Europe 1450-1789*, CUP, 2006
- *Quentin Skinner, The Foundations of Modern Political Thought: Volume I: The Renaissance*, Cambridge University Press, 1978
- *Quentin Skinner, The Foundations of Modern Political Thought: Volume II: The Age of Reformation*, Cambridge University Press, 1978
- Theodore K. Rabb, *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*, Oxford, 1975

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#### Course 15: European History c.1450- c.1750 PART II

Unit 1: Religion and Politics. The Thirty Years' War. The Settlement of Westphalia and the modern State System in Europe.

Unit 2: Revolution and compromise in England- 1649 and 1688. Hobbes and Locke.

Unit 3: The Scientific Revolution. A Paradigm Shift?

Unit 4: The Seventeenth Century Crisis.

Unit 5: The shift to the North and East. Sweden and Gustavus Adolphus. Russia and Peter the Great.

Essential reading

- Fernand Braudel, *Civilisation and Capitalism: 15th-18th Century. The Wheels of Commerce Vol II*, London, Collins/Fontana Press, 1982
- Rice and Grafton, *Foundations of Early Modern Europe 1460-1559*, (W W Norton, 1994)
- Richard S. Dunn, *The Age of Religious Wars, 1559-1715*, New York and London, W W Norton, 2004 ( South Asian Edition)
- David Nicholas, *The Transformation of Europe, 1300-1600*, London, Arnold, 1999
- John H. Elliott, *The Old World and the New 1492-1650*, Cambridge, 1970
- Merry E. Wisener-Hanks, *Early Modern Europe 1450-1789*, CUP, 2006
- *Quentin Skinner, The Foundations of Modern Political Thought: Volume I: The Renaissance*, Cambridge University Press, 1978

- Quentin Skinner, *The Foundations of Modern Political Thought: Volume II: The Age of Reformation*, Cambridge University Press, 1978
- Theodore K. Rabb, *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*, Oxford, 1975
- Euan Cameron( Ed.), *Early Modern Europe: An Oxford History*, Oxford, OUP,2001
- Trevor Aston, *The Crisis in Europe,1560-1660*, Routledge, 2012.
- Peter Kriedte, *Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalists*, ( Cambridge University Press, 1983
- J H Elliott, *Europe Divided*, New York, Fontana, 1968
- J D Bernal, *Science in History*, Cambridge, CUP, 1981.
- Christopher Hill, *The Century of Revolution*, Routledge, 2nd ed, 2011

### Course 16: European History c.1750 – C. 1900 PART 1

Unit 1: Enlightenment in the Eighteenth Century; variations .

Unit 2: The challenge to the Ancien Regime.The Era of the French Revolution, 1789-1815. The Rise of an Atlantic Community?

Unit 3: Restoration and Revolution. The mid-century upheaval.

Unit 4: Nationalism and the challenge to the old order. Reorganisation of the state system to1871?

Unit 5: Political Ideas: Liberalism, Democracy, Socialism

#### Essential reading

- Georges Lefebvre, *The French Revolution to 1793*, London and New York, Routledge, the Classics Edition, 2001
- Jonathan Sperber, *Revolutionary Europe, 1780-1850*, Harlow, Longman, 2000
- E J Hobsbawm, *The Age of Revolution, 1789-1848*, London, Cardinal,1962 Reprinted 1989
- E J Hobsbawm, *The Age of Capital,1848-1875*, London, Cardinal,1975 Reprinted 1989
- T C W Blanning, *The Oxford History of Modern Europe*, Oxford, OUP,2000
- William Doyle, *The Old European Order, 1660-1800*, Oxford, OUP. 1968
- Francois Furet, *The French Revolution, 1770-1814*, Oxford, Blackwell, 1988
- Martin Lyons, *Napoleon Bonaparte and the Legacy of the French Revolution*, Houndmills, Macmillan, 1994
- C M Cipolla, *The Industrial Revolution*, Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol 3, Glasgow, Fontana Collins, 1973
- C M Cipolla, *The Emergence of Industrial Societies*, Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol 4, Part i and Part II , Glasgow, Fontana Collins, 1973
- E J Hobsbawm, *Industry and Empire: From 1750 to Present Day*, London, 1995
- David Landes, *The Unbound Prometheus: Technological Change and Industrial Development from 1750 to the Present*, Cambridge, CUP, 2003

Course 17: European History c.1750 – C. 1900 PART II

Unit 1: Europe in 1870: A New Balance of Power?

Unit 2: The Texture of European Culture. Science and Material Progress. Social Thought and Culture

Unit 3: The Age of the masses; urbanization, demographic growth, public sphere and the rise of public opinion. European migration to other continents.

Unit 4: The Age of Imperialism, the crisis and the slide to war.

Unit 5: The Age of Classical Modernism, 1894-1914

Essential reading

- Jonathan Sperber, *Europe, 1850-1914*, Harlow, Pearson Longman, 2009
- E J Hobsbawm, *The Age of Capital, 1875-1914*, London, Cardinal, 1989
- Robert Gildea, *Barricades and Borders: Europe, 1800-1914*, Oxford, OUP, 1987
- Dominic Lieven (Ed.), *The New Cambridge History of Russia, Vol. II, Imperial Russia, 1689-1917*, Cambridge, CUP, 2006
- James Joll, *Europe Since 1870*, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1973

Course 18: Modern Indian Intellectual History: Ideas, Methods, and Practices in the Colonial period and beyond

Unit 1: Concepts and methods in the family of intellectual history

Unit 2: Transregional and/ or global flows of ideas and people

Unit 3: The Colonial context of education and modernity

Unit 4: Engagement with other European and Asian intellectual traditions

Essential reading

- Bernard Cohn, *Colonialism and its Forms of Knowledge: The British in India*, New Jersey, 1996
- Dipesh Chakrabarty, *Provincializing Europe: Postcolonial Thought and Historical Difference*, (Princeton, NJ, 2000)
- Samuel Moyn and Andrew Sartori (eds), *Global Intellectual History*, New York, 2013

- Shruti Kapila (ed.), *An Intellectual History for India*, Cambridge & New Delhi, 2011
- Sugata Bose and Kris Manjapra (eds), *Cosmopolitan Thought Zones: South Asia and the Global Circulation of Ideas*, Basingstoke & New York, 2010

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### Course 19: Situating Gender Studies in History

Unit 1: Locating gender categories in society

Unit 2: Gender, Nation, State: Rethinking Basic Concepts. National Bodies: Female and Male. Does the National have a Gender? Reproduction and Race

Unit 3: Women and History: Methodological and Theoretical Questions

Unit 4: Non-western feminist traditions

Essential reading

- Joan Wallach Scott, *Gender and the Politics of History* (Columbia University Press, New York, 1999)
- Nira Yuval-Davis, *Gender and Nation* (Sage, London, 1997)
- Paula Banerjee and Anasua Basu Raychaudhury, *Women in Indian borderlands*, Sage, 2011
- Samita Sen, *Women and labour in late colonial India: The Bengal Jute Industry*, Cambridge University Press, 2006
- Samita Sen and Nilanjana Sengupta, *Domestic days: Women, Work, and Politics in Contemporary Kolkata*, OUP, 2016
- Sue Morgan (ed.), *The Feminist History Reader* (Routledge, London, 2006)

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